(c) There is no separate provision of the funds made for the purpose of spreading legal awareness programme in remote rural areas. However, the funds allocated by the Government are utilized for implementation of legal aid programmes and schemes which also include the spreading of legal awareness programme in the remote rural areas, framed under the Legal Services Authorities Act, 1987.

**Printing of the Constitution**

†3078. SHRI JAI PARKASH AGGARWAL: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) when was the Constitution of India published and made available in market last time;

(b) whether many amendments have been carried out in the Constitution and still its latest edition is not available to the common man;

(c) if so, the steps Government have taken or propose to take for providing latest edition of the Constitution by including all amendments carried out therein; and

(d) the reasons for the delay in this regard?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) The latest diglot edition of the Constitution of India was got published on 26th January, 2005 incorporating therein all the amendments upto and including the Constitution (Ninity-second Amendment) Act, 2003. The printed copies of the aforesaid edition are available for sale, with the Controller of Publication, Civil Lines, Delhi and Vidhi Sahitya Prakashan of this Department, since 22nd March, 2005.

(b) and (c) The Constitution so far has been amended ninety-three times and the above diglot edition has been published after incorporating therein all the ninety-second amendments. Further edition is not proposed to be published at present.

(d) Question does not arise.

**National Tax Tribunal**

3079. SHRI B.K. HARI PRASAD : Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether more than Rs. 70,000 crores is locked up in litigation as tax arrears;

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(b) whether to reduce the burden of tax cases from the High Courts and reduce the period of litigation, which routinely goes upto 15 years, Government had proposed to set up National Tax Tribunal;

(c) whether various tax professionals have been opposing the move to set up the National Tax Tribunal citing judicial and technical reasons; and

(d) whether the Bombay High Court has recently clamped a stay on setting up such a Tribunal?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) As on 28th February, 2006 an amount of Rs. 63,009 crore was locked up in litigation as arrears of income tax.

(b) to (d) Due to pendency of a large number of cases in the High Courts, large revenue is blocked in such litigations. This is adversely affecting the national economy. Hence, urgent measures are required to be taken to speed up taxation matters pending before High Courts. To achieve this objective, the National Tax Tribunal was established on 6th January, 2006 under the National Tax Tribunal Act, 2005. However, the Tribunal has not yet been made functional in view of stay granted by various High Courts including Bombay High Court.

**National Judicial Council**

3080. SHRI SHANTARAM LAXMAN NAIK: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government propose to constitute a National Judicial Council for taking action against judges of Supreme Court and High Courts;

(b) whether any amendment is proposed in the Constitution of India for doing away with the procedure of impeachment; and

(c) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF LAW AND JUSTICE (SHRI H. R. BHARDWAJ): (a) to (c) The modalities for setting up of the National Judicial Council, in consultation with all the stake holders, are being worked out.

**Conference of Chief Justices and Chief Ministers**

†3081. SHRI BALAVANT *ALIAS* BALAPTE: Will the Minister of LAW AND JUSTICE be pleased to state:

(a) whether a Conference of Chief Justices of High Courts and Chief

†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.